5/13/14

2014 MAY 13 AMII: 44 MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

CHILLY SUPPLY

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION

Dater Associa

Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)

Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement) On water bills (attach copy of bill) Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below) Other
Date(s) customers were informed: <u>\$\(\frac{5}{1} \) \(\frac{14}{3} \), \(\frac{5}{8} \) \(\frac{14}{3} \), \(\frac{1}{3} \)</u>
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used
Date Mailed/Distributed://
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) As a URL (Provide URL As an attachment As text within the body of the email message
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper: The Ty/entown Times Columbian - Progress
Date Published: 5/8/14 5-1-14
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: / /
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):

CERTIFICATION
I hereby certify that the 2013 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to: (601)576-7800

May be emailed to: Melanie. Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us

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2014 MAY 13 AM 11: 44

2013 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Magee's Creek Water Association, Inc. PWS#: 740076 April 2014

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Miocene Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Magee's Creek Water Association, Inc. have received lower rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Travis Marbury at 601.876.4838. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meeting that will be held on the second Thursday of each month at 7:00 PM at the corporate office.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2013. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2013, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST RESU	JLTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

10. Barium	N	2013	.03	.0203	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2013	.6	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2013	.47	.39 - 47	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection				1 16	I nom	O MPD	1-4	
Chlorine	N	2013	1.4	1 – 1.6	ppm	0 MRD		Water additive used to microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2013.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Magee's Creek Water Association, Inc. works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

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2014 PAY 13 AN II: 44 PROOF OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF MARION

Personally appeared Public, in and for the Amundson who be that she is Legal newspaper published County, aforesaid, and of which is hereto time(s), time(s), time(s)	the County a ing by me and Clerk of the ed in the Ci nd that the pul attached, has	and State aforesaid d duly sworn, states ne Columbian-Pro ty of Columbia, S blication of the notic	I, Susan s on oath gress, a tate and e, a copy
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Sworn to and subs		e me, this <u>/</u>	_ day of
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Total Cost		· 4/25	-

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2013 Annual Diriking/Water Guality Report

Magee's Greek Water Association, inc

PVS#: 740076
April 2014

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(43	1990	Salara A	TEST RESI	JLTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
			1	MCL/ACL/MRDL		-		
10. Barium	N	2013	.03	.0203	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
10. Banum	l N	2013	.03	.0203	ррт	2	2	discharge from metal refineries;
13. Chromium	N	2013	.6	No Range	рръ	100	100	mills; erosion of natural deposits
						l 10 l	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2013	.47	.39 - 47	ppm	10.		from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
			.47	.39 - 47	ppm			from septic tanks, sewage; erosion

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2013.

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PROOF OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, COUNTY OF WALTHALL

Personally appeared before me, the unders ty in and for the county and state aforesaid C who is Editor-Publisher of The Tylertown Timper printed and published in the Town of Tyle Walthall County, Mississippi, who being by m sworn, states on oath that The Tylertown Timper as aforesaid, has been a duly established published in and having a general circulation Tylertown, Walthall County, Mississippi for mot welve months prior to the date of the first put the notice herein below specified and that in scertain notice, a printed copy of which is here attached, has been made and published in sa for weeks, consecutive, as follows	earolyn Dillon es, a newspa rtown, e first duly es, a newspa d newspaper in the Town or ore than blication of said paper a to jiid newspape s, to-wit:
On the 8th day of May	20_14
On theday of	20
On theday of	
On theday of	
On theday of	
0-8-	20
Carolyn Dillon Editor-Publisher, The Tylertown Times	
Sworn to and subscribed before me,	
By day of May Doug Walker-Notary	, 20 <u>/4</u> _
/	

The Tylertown Times

727 Beulah Ave. Box 72, Tylertown, MS 39667 E-mail: tylertowntimes@bellsouth.net (601) 876-5111 • (601) 876-5280 (FAX) Funeral services were held at 11 a.m. on aturday, April 26, 2014 in the First United

Methodist Church for Mr. Methodist Church for Mr.
Robert "Bob" Prentiss
Carter, 89, of Columbia,
who passed away on
Thursday, April 24 at his
residence, after a long illness with Alzheimer.
Interment was in the
Woodlawn Cemetery. The

Rev. Rodney Wood and the Rev. Keith Gaughf officiated at the services. Visitation was held from 5 p.m. until 7:30 p.m. on Friday, April 25 at Colonial Funeral

He was the devoted and loving husband for 54 years to Elsie Wood Carter, who pre-ceded him in death, father of four children; and grandfather of seven.

He was born in Franklinton, La. on March 24, rie was dom in Frankinion, La on Watch 24, 1925. Upon graduating salutatorian from Franklinton High School, where he was on the Gotball team and in the band, he enrolled at LSU. During his freshman year, he enlisted in the United States Navy at the age of 17. He served at the end of World War II with the Underwater Demolition Division as frommen He always liked to tell that the as a frogman. He always liked to tell that the Japanese surrendered when they heard the "Franklinton Boys" were coming. Upon his discharge from the Navy, he returned to LSU where he obtained his degree in civil engineering. While at LSU, he was a member of the Delta Chi Fratemity.

Upon graduation, he joined Dye and Mullings a general contractor company.

Upon graduation, he joined Dye and Mullings, a general contractor company based in Columbia owned by his uncle, John S. Mullings. In 1957, he formed and was president of Carter and Mullings General Contractor, Inc. In 1983, he was joined in the business by his son, Robert C. (Bobby) Carter. They primarily concentrated in the area of commercial construction and municipal utilities in both the State of Mississippi and Louisiana. He was a member of the Mississippi and National Associated General Contractors, and served in the capacity of president in 1977, 1982 and 1988 of the Mississippi AGC. He was awarded a lifetime membership to the Mississippi AGC. He enjoyed participating

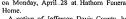
www.columbianprogress.com

Carlton and Phoebe Carlton. Cariton and Phoebe Cariton.
In lieu of flowers, the family requests
memorial donations to First United
Methodist Church of Columbia, 411 Church St. Columbia, MS 39429.

WINSTON ED LAIRD

91. Foxworth
Funeral services were held at 2 p.m. on
Monday, April 28, 2014 in the Hathorn
Funeral Home chapel for
Mr. Winston Ed Laird, 91,

of Foxworth, who died Saturday, April 26 in Jackson. Interment was in the Woodlawn Cemetery. Dr. Tim Parker officiated at the services. Visitation was held from 11 a.m. until the time of the service at 2 p.m. on Monday, April 28 at Hathorn Funeral



A native of Jefferson Davis County, he was in automobile sales, a member of New Hope Baptist Church and served in the U.S.

Army-Military Police. He was preceded in death by his wife, Marzett Laird in 2012. Survivors include four daughters, Sonja O'Quin of Foxworth, Rita Stringer (Larry) of Foxworth, Anita Mapp of Columbia and Eva Kinchen (Warren) of Foxworth; sons, Rou Laird (Joann) of Hattischurg and Tim Ron Laird (Joann) of Hattiesburg and Tim Laird (Kathy) of Foxworth; three sisters; 13 grandchildren; 12 great grandchildren and a number of nieces and nephews.

Hathorn Funeral Home was in charge of the arrangements.

HELEN MARTIN

HELEIN MARTIN
82, Kokomo
Funeral services were held at 2 p.m. on
Tuesday, April 29, 2014 in the Pine Grove
United Pentecostal Church for Ms. Helen
Martin, 82, of Kokomo, who died Saturday, April 26 at her residence. Interment was in the Foxworth Cemetery. The Rev. Kenneth Rockco and the Rev. Darrin Powell officiated at the services. Visitation was held beginning at 5 p.m. on Monday, April 28 until the time of service on Tuesday, April 29 at Pine Grove United Pentecostal Church.

She was preceded in death by her husband, John Henry Martin and parents, Blaze and

2013 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Magee's Creek Water Association, Inc PWS ID #740076 April, 2014

nteminant Lovel Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contain ected risk to health MCLGs allow for a margin of safety

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level	Range of Delects or	Unit	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
			Désectéq	# of Samples Exceeding	Measure -ment			twey source or Consumination
ſ			Τ.	MCL/ACLA/ROL				}
Inorganic Co	ontami		Tes	1 n2, m	nom	2		Dischame of rickon wastes
10 Barum	N	2013	03	.02- 03	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries;
								erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2013	.6	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mils; erosion of natural deposits
19 Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2013	47	39 - 47	ppm	10	16	Runoff from fertilizer use, leachin from septic tanks, sewage; erosi of natural deposits

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Attention: Homeschool graduates If you are graduating from homeschool this year and are from Marion County, we want to hear from you. The Columbian-Progress will be publishing a full color, glossy magazine recognizing the 2014 graduating classes Please email a high-resolution copy of your formal graduation photo to art@columbianprogress.com Include the graduates name, homeschool affiliation and contact name and phone number in the email. The COLUMBIAN-PROGRESS

mapee's